TI-30 eco RS Scientific Calculator

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Basic Operations

TI-30 eco RS

- To turn on the TI-30 eco RS, expose the solar panel to light and press ON/AC. Note: Always press ON/AC to clear the calculator because memory and display may contain incorrect numbers.
- To turn off the TI-30X eco RS, cover the solar panel with the slide case.

2nd Functions

2nd functions are printed above the keys. 2nd selects the 2nd function of the next key pressed. For example, $2 [2nd] [x^3]$ calculates the cube of 2.

Results

The calculator can display up to 10 digits plus a minus sign (-9,999,999,999 through 9,999,999) and a 2-digit exponent. Results with more than 10 digits display in scientific notation.

Basic Arithmetic		
+ - × ÷	60 + 5 × 12 =	120.
	Completes all pending operati With constant (K), repeats the operation and value.	ions.
+2-	Changes sign of value just en	tered.
	1 + 8+2-+ 12=	5.
	Parenthetical expression (up to open). (a) closes all open parentheses.	to 15

π	Pi is calculated v (3.14159265359) digits (3.1415926), displayed with 10
	2×π=	6.283185307
Percents		
Percentage	(5% of 250)	
250 × 5 2nd		0.05
=		12.5
Ratio (Ratio	of 250 to 5)	
250 ÷ 5 2nd		0.05
	[,~]	5000.
	add-on of 250)	
250 + 5 2nd	[%]	12.5
=		262.5
Discount (59	% discount of 250)	
250 - 5 2nd		12.5
=		237.5
Fractions		
b a⅓c c	Enters a proper or b/c (b ≤ 6 digits, possible, improper displayed as mixed	c ≤ 3 digits). When fractions are
	3 a 1/6 4	3
	× 3 =	2_1_4
	Single-variable fur decimal results.	nctions display
	4	

0.25

 $1 a 2 x^2$

a a b b a c	Enters the mixed fraction a b/ (a, b, c ≤ 3 digits each, with the digits ≤ 8).	
	6 a 1/2 4 a 1/2 6	6_4_6 6_2_3
2nd [d/c]	Toggles display between a mixed number and an improper fraction.	
	30 (a½) 4 (2nd) (d/c) (2nd) (d/c) (2nd) (d/c)	30
[2nd] [F ← D]	Toggles display be decimal.	tween fraction and
	55 (a½) 24 (2nd) [F++D] (2nd) [F++D]	55 ⊥24 2.291666667 2 _ 7 ⊥24

If a result would overflow or if fixed decimal is 0, no fraction to decimal conversion occurs. It is not an error. Denominator must be a whole number ≤999.

Powers and	d Roots	
1/X	8 1/x + 4 1/x =	0.375
χ²	6 x ² + 2 =	38.
$\sqrt{\chi}$	256 👿 + 4 👿 =	18.
2nd [x3]	2 2nd [x3] + 2 =	10.
[2nd] [³ √x]	8 2nd [³ x] + 4 =	6.
yx	5 yx 3 =	125.
[2nd] [^X √y]	8 [2nd] [¾y] 3 =	2.

Logarithm	ic Functions	
LOG	15.32 LOG	1.185258765
	+ 12.45 LOG =	2.280428117
2nd [10 ^x]	2 2nd [10 ^x] - 10 x ² =	0.
LN	15.32 LN	2.729159164
	+ 12.45 LN =	5.250879787
2nd [e ^x]	.693 [2nd] [e ^x]	1.999705661
	+1=	2.999705661

(e=2.71828182846)

Angle Units			
DRG	Cycles angle- degrees, radii without affect	ans, and	
2nd [DRG+]	Cycles (converts) angle-unit setting between degrees, radians, and grads for display, entry, and calculation.		
	45	DEG	45
	2nd [DRG+]	RAD	0.785398163
	2nd [DRG+]	GRAD	50.
	2nd [DRG+]	DEG	45.

DMS

Enter DMS (Degrees/Minutes/Seconds) values as **D.MMSSs**, using 0s as necessary:

D	degrees (0-7 digits)
	decimal-point separator
MM	minutes (must be 2 digits)
SS	seconds (must be 2 digits)
S	fractional part of a second

For example, enter 48°5'3.5" as 48.05035.

Note: Before using a DMS value in a calculation, you must convert it to decimal with [2nd] [DMS-DD].

2nd [DMS+DD]	Interprets display as DMS and converts it to decimal.	
	30.09090 [2nd] [DMS+DD]	30.1525
2nd [DD-DMS]	Temporarily displays cur DMS.	rent value as
	30.1525 [2nd [DD+DMS]	30°09'09"0

Rectangular to Polar

[2nd] [R-P] converts rectangular coordinates (x,y) to polar coordinates (r,θ) .

Convert rectangular coordinates (10,8) to polar.

DRG (if necessary)	DEG	
10 2nd [x=y] 8	DEG	8
2nd [R►P] (display r)	DEG r	12.80624847
$[2nd][X = Y]$ (display θ)	DEG	38.65980825

Polar to Rectangular

2nd [P-R] converts polar coordinates (r,θ) to rectangular coordinates (x,y).

Convert polar coordinates (5,30) to rectangular.

DRG (if necessary)	DEG	
5 [2nd] [X=y] 30	DEG	30
2nd [P►R] (display x)	DEG x	4.330127019
2nd $[X = Y]$ (display y)	DEG	2.5

Trigonometric Functions

Before using the trigonometric functions ([SIN], [COS], [TAN], [2nd] [SIN-1], [2nd] [COS-1], or [2nd] [TAN-1]), select DEG, RAD, or GRAD with [DRG]. Note: Before using a DMS value in a calculation, you must convert it to decimal with [2nd] [DMS-DD].

DRG (if necessary)	DEG	
90 SIN	DEG	1.
- 30 COS	DEG	0.866025404
=	DEG	0.133974596
1 [2nd] [SIN-1]	DEG	90.
5 =	DEG	89.5

Hyperbolic Functions

To access hyperbolic functions, press [HYP] and then the function ([HYP] SIN], [HYP] [COS], [HYP] [TAN], [HYP] [2nd] [SIN-1], [HYP] [2nd] [COS-1], [HYP] [2nd] [TAN-1]).

Note: DEG, RAD, or GRAD does not affect hyperbolic calculations.

5 HYP SIN	74.20321058
+ 2 =	76.20321058
5 HYP 2nd [SIN-1]	2.312438341
+ 2 =	4.312438341

One-Variable Statistics		
2nd [CSR]	Clears all statistical data.	
Σ+	Enters a data point.	
2nd [Σ-]	Removes a data point.	
2nd [FRQ]	Adds or removes multiple occurrences	

	enter frequency (1–99), press Σ + to add or 2 nd Σ - to remove data points.
2nd $[\Sigma x]$	Sum.
2nd $[\Sigma x^2]$	Sum of squares.
2nd [x]	Mean.
2nd [σxn]	Population standard deviation (<i>n</i> weighting).
2nd [σxn-1]	Sample standard deviation (<i>n</i> -1 weighting).
2nd [n]	Number of data points.

Enter data point proce and [FDO]

of a data point.

Find the sum, mean, population standard deviation, and sample standard deviation for the data set: 45, 55, 55, 55, 60, 80. The last data point is erroneously entered as 8, removed with [2nd] $[\Sigma-]$, and then correctly entered as 80.

2nd [CSR] (if STAT is displayed)		
45 Σ+	n=	1
55 (2nd) [FRQ] 3 (Σ+)	n=	4
60 <u>Σ</u> +	n=	5
8 Σ+	n=	6
8 [2nd] [Σ-]	n=	5
80 <u>Σ</u> +	n=	6
$[2nd][\Sigma x]$ (sum)		350.
2nd [x] (mean)		58.33333333
$[2nd]$ $[\sigma \times n]$ (deviation, n weighting)		10.67187373
2nd [σxn-1] (deviation, n-1 weighti	ng)	11.69045194

Probability

A **combination** is an arrangement of objects in which order is not important, as in a hand of cards. [2nd] [nCr] calculates the number of possible combinations of n items taken r at a time.

Calculate the number of 5-card poker hands that can be dealt from a deck of 52 cards.



A **permutation** is an arrangement of objects in which the order is important, as in a race. [2nd] [nPr] calculates the number of possible permutations of n items taken r at a time.

Calculate the number of possible permutations for the 1st-, 2nd-, and 3rd-place finishers (no ties) in an 8-horse race.



A **factorial** is the product of the positive integers from 1 to n. (n must be a positive whole number \leq 69).

Using the digits 1, 3, 7, and 9 only one time each, how many 4-digit numbers can you form?

4 [2nd] [x!] 24.

Clearing and Correcting		
CE/C	Clears value (before operation key) and κ , but not M1, M2, M3, or STAT.	
CE/C CE/C	Clears display, errors, all pending operations and K, but not M1, M2, M3, or STAT.	
ON/AC	Clears display, errors, all pending operations, K, STAT, M1, M2, and M3. Sets DEG angle units, floating-decimal format.	
—	Deletes right-most character in display.	
0 STO n	Clears memory n .	
2nd [FL0]	Clears sci or ENG notation.	
2nd [FIX] .	Clears FIX notation.	
2nd [CSR]	Clears all statistical data.	

Constants (Repeated Operations)

A constant contains an operation and a value. To establish a constant, press $[2nd] [\kappa]$ after entering the operation and value. [-] repeats the calculation. Another operation, [0N/AC] or [CE/C] clears κ .

8 + 7 2nd [K]	K	7.
	K	15.
5 =	K	12.
6.6 =	K	13.6

Memory

The calculator has 3 memories. When a memory contains a number other than 0, M1, M2, or M3 displays. To clear a single memory, press 0 STO 1, 0 STO 2, or 0 STO 3. To clear all 3 memories (solar only), press ON/ACI.

STO n	Stores displayed value in memory n , replacing current value.		
	23 STO 1 + 2 =	M1 M1	23. 25.
RCL n	Recalls value in	memory n .	
	(continued) [RCL] 1	M1	23.
	+ 3=	M1	26.
2nd [SUM] n	Adds displayed v	alue to me	mory n .
	(continued) 4 2nd [SUM] 1	M1	4.
	RCL 1	M1	27.
2nd [EXC] n	Exchanges displi values.	ayed and n	nemory
	(continued) 3 × 5 =	M1	15.
	2nd [EXC] 1	M1	27.
	2nd [EXC] 1	M1	15.

Oluei	or operations
1st	Expressions inside parentheses.
2nd	Single-variable functions that perform the calculation and display the result immediately (square, square root, cube, cube root, trigonometric, factorial, logarithmic, percent, reciprocals, angle conversions).
3rd	Combinations and permutations.
4th	Exponentiation and roots.
5th	Multiplication and division.
6th	Addition and subtraction.
7th	completes all operations.

Order of Operations

The TI-30 eco RS uses AOS^{TM} (Algebraic Operating System). It stores up to 4 pending operations (2 when **STAT** is displayed).

Notation			
2nd [SCI]	Selects scientific nota	tion.	
	12345 =		12345.
	2nd [SCI]	SCI	1.2345 ⁰⁴
2nd [ENG]	Selects engineering n is a multiple of 3).	otatior	
	2nd [ENG]	ENG	12.345 ⁰³
2nd [FLO]	Restores standard no decimal) format.	tation	(floating-
[2nd] [FIX] n	Sets decimal places to retaining notation form (continued) [2nd] [FIX] 2 [2nd] [FIX] 4		-9), 12.35 ⁰³ 12.3450 ⁰³
2nd FIX .	Removes fixed-decim	al sett	
EE	Enters exponent.		3

You can enter a value in floating-decimal, fixed-decimal, or scientific notation, regardless of display format. Display format affects only results.

To enter a number in scientific notation:

- Enter up to 10 digits for base (mantissa). If negative, press +2- after entering the mantissa.
- 2. Press EE.
- 3. Enter 1 or 2 digit exponent. If negative, press +== either before or after entering exponent.

1.2345 +== EE +== 65	-1.2345 -65

Display In	dicators
M1, M2, Or M3	A value other than 0 in M1, M2, or M3.
2nd	Calculator will access 2nd function (printed above key) of next key pressed.
НҮР	Calculator will access hyperbolic function of next key pressed.
SCI OF ENG	Scientific or engineering notation.
FIX	Fixed-decimal setting.
STAT	Statistical register contains data.
DEG, RAD, Or GRAD	Specifies angle-unit setting (degrees, radians, or grads). When you turn on the calculator, angle units are degrees.
х	<i>x</i> -coordinate of polar to rectangular conversion.
r	<i>r</i> -coordinate of rectangular to polar conversion.
()	1 or more open parentheses.
Error	Error has occurred. Clear calculator and begin again.
K	Constant is active.

Error Conditions

- Number, result, or memory sum x, where |x| > 9.999999999 x 10⁹⁹.
- More than 4 pending operations (2 when STAT is displayed) or more than 15 open parentheses per pending operation.
- For x!: x not an integer between 0 and 69.
- For y^x: y and x = 0 or y < 0 and x not an integer.
- For $\sqrt[x]{y}$: x = 0 or y < 0 and x not an odd integer.
- Dividing by 0.
 - For \sqrt{x} : x < 0.
- For LOG or LN: x < 0.
- For TAN: x=90°, -90°, 270°, -270°, 450°, etc.
- For SIN⁻¹ or COS⁻¹: |x| > 1.
- For TANH⁻¹: $|x| \ge 1$.
- For R►P: x or y has exponent > 63.
- For nCr or nPr: n or r are not integers ≥ 0.
- More than 9999 statistical data points.
- Statistical data point x, where |x| ≥ 1E64.
- [2nd] [Σ-] to remove the only data point.
- Calculating x̄, σxn, or σxn-1 with no data points or σxn-1 with one data point.
- [2nd] [CSR] with no data points.

In Case of Difficulty

- Review instructions to be certain calculations were performed properly.
- If the display is blank, expose the solar panel to adequate light. Press <u>ON/AC</u> and try again.

TI Product Service and Warranty Information

TI Product and Services Information

For more information about TI products and services, contact TI by e-mail or visit the TI calculator home page on the world-wide web.

e-mail address: ti-cares@ti.com

internet address: education.ti.com

Service and Warranty Information

For information about the length and terms of the warranty or about product service, refer to the warranty statement enclosed with this product or contact your local Texas Instruments retailer/distributor.